

BYLAWS OF  
LAGBAC FOUNDATION

ARTICLE I. CORPORATE OFFICES

The Corporation shall continuously maintain in the State of Illinois a registered office and a registered agent whose office is identical with such registered office. The Corporation may have other offices within or without the state and need not be identical with the principal office in the State of Illinois. The address of the registered office and registered agent may be changed from time to time by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE II. CORPORATE PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

SECTION A. GENERAL PURPOSES

The Corporation shall have such charitable and educational purposes as are now or may hereafter be set forth in the Articles of Incorporation as follows:

The Corporation is organized to educate the public, the legal profession, and the courts about legal issues of particular concern to lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgendered, intersexed and questioning persons, and to improve access to the legal and judicial system for such persons by sponsoring education programs and by publishing and distributing educational materials.

SECTION B. WAIVER OR REDUCTION OF FEES

The Corporation, being organized exclusively for charitable and educational purposes under Illinois law, shall strive to make its charitable services and programs available to the appropriate general public without undue obstacles to access. It is the general policy of the Corporation that any fees or charges associated with the charitable services and programs of the Corporation shall be waived or reduced in accordance with each recipient's ability to pay. The administrative staff shall have the necessary discretion to make such waivers or reductions when appropriate to ensure the maximum distribution of the Corporation's charitable services and programs. More specifically, the program fee schedules (if any) shall be set in accordance with 35 ILCS 200/15-65(c) of the Illinois Compiled Statutes.

SECTION C. POWERS AND LIMITATIONS

1. The Corporation, being organized exclusively for charitable and educational purposes, may make distributions to organizations that qualify as exempt organizations under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (or the corresponding provisions of any future United States Internal Revenue Law).
  2. No part of the net earnings of the Corporation shall inure to the benefit of, or be distributable to its Members, Directors, officers, or other private persons, except that the Corporation shall be authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation for services rendered and to make payments and distributions in furtherance of the purposes set forth in Section A above.
  3. No substantial part of the activities of Corporation shall be the carrying on of propaganda, or otherwise attempting to influence legislation, and the Corporation shall not participate in, or intervene in (including the publishing or distribution of statements) any political campaign on behalf of any candidate for public office.
  4. Notwithstanding any other provision of these articles, the Corporation shall not carry on any other activities not permitted to be carried on (1) by a corporation exempt from federal income tax under section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (or the corresponding provision of any future United States Internal Revenue Law) or (2) by a corporation, contributions to which are deductible under Section 170 (c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (or the corresponding provision of any future United States Internal Revenue Law).
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5. Upon dissolution of the Corporation, the Board of Directors shall, after paying or making provision for the payment of all of the liabilities of the Corporation, dispose of all of the assets of the Corporation, exclusively for the purposes of the Corporation in such manner, or to such organization or organizations organized and operated exclusively for charitable and educational or scientific purposes, as shall at the time qualify as an exempt organization or organizations under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code, as the Board of Directors shall determine. Any such assets not so disposed of shall be disposed of by the appropriate court of law of the county in which the principal office of the Corporation is then located, exclusively for such purposes or to such organization or organizations, as said court shall determine, which are organized and operated exclusively for exempt purposes.

ARTICLE III. MEMBERSHIP

There shall be no members of the Corporation, and the organization shall be governed by a self-perpetuating Board of Directors.

## ARTICLE IV. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### SECTION A. GENERAL POWERS

The affairs, business and all legal matters of the Corporation shall be managed by its Board of Directors.

### SECTION B. NUMBER AND TENURE

The number of Directors shall be 5, but may vary from time to time between 3 and 8 directors by resolution of the Board of Directors without amendment of these bylaws. If an Executive Director is employed as the principal business administrator he/she shall be an ex-officio non-voting member of the board and shall be considered for purposes of notice and quorum but shall not be elected for a term of office. The Board of Directors may from time to time, by amendment of these bylaws, change the minimum and maximum number of Directors, but in no case shall the number be less than three. Each Director shall hold office for a term of three years unless the Board shall expressly resolve to elect a Director for a shorter term. Beginning after the date of the implementation of these bylaws, the first Board election shall provide for staggered terms of office so that approximately one-third of the Directors, thereafter, shall be elected at each annual meeting of the Board.

### SECTION C. QUALIFICATIONS

Those who seek to be Directors of the Corporation must personally affirm the Corporation's Statement of Purpose, must abide in all respects with the corporate policies set forth in these bylaws, and must characterize personal commitment to the values of the Corporation.

### SECTION D. ELECTION

Directors shall be elected at the Annual Meeting of the Board. Each Director shall hold office until the first of the following to occur: until his or her successor shall have been duly elected and shall have qualified; or until his or her death or disability, or until he or she shall resign in writing; or until he or she shall have been removed in the manner hereinafter provided.

### SECTION E. RESIGNATION AND REMOVAL

Any Director may resign at any time by giving written notice to the President or Secretary of the Corporation. Such resignation, which may or may not be made contingent on formal acceptance, shall take effect on the date of receipt or at any later time specified therein. Any member of the Board may be removed with or without cause at any time by resolution adopted by a majority of the Board.

Any director who fails to attend three (3) consecutive meetings, whether regular or special, of the Board without an excused absence, may be removed from the Board at the discretion of the remaining directors. For purposes of this subsection, the nature of the absence, whether excused or unexcused, shall be determined by the President of the Corporation. Such determination shall be final and binding on all parties concerned.

#### SECTION F. VACANCIES

Any vacancy occurring in the Board of Directors to be filled by reason of any increase in the number of Directors or resignation or termination of a Director shall be filled by the Board of Directors as soon as is practicable. A Director so elected to fill a vacancy shall be elected for the unexpired term of his or her predecessor in office.

#### SECTION G. COMPENSATION

Directors shall not receive compensation for their services as Directors. However, by resolution of the Board of Directors, expenses of attendance, if any, may be reimbursed for each regular or special Meeting of the Board of Directors, provided that nothing herein contained shall be construed to preclude any Directors from serving the Corporation in any other capacity and receiving reasonable compensation therefore.

### ARTICLE V. MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### SECTION A. ANNUAL MEETING

An annual meeting of the Board of Directors shall be held in the Registered Office of the Corporation on the 1<sup>st</sup> Thursday of September each year or at such other time and place as may be designated by the President in accordance with the notice provisions herein below, for the purpose of approving an annual budget, election of directors and officers, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

#### SECTION B. SPECIAL MEETINGS

Special Meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by, or at the request of, the President or any two Directors. The person or persons authorized to call Special Meetings of the Board of Directors may fix any place for holding any Special Meeting of the Board of Directors called by them.

#### SECTION C. NOTICE

Notice of any meeting of the Board of Directors shall be delivered not less than five (5) days nor more than sixty (60) days prior to the date of the scheduled meeting. Written notice shall be delivered to each Director at his or her address as shown by the records of the Corporation. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be delivered when deposited in the United States mail in a sealed envelope so addressed, with postage thereon prepaid. Notice of any Special Meeting of the Board of Directors may be waived in writing signed by the person or persons entitled to the notice either before or after the time of the meeting. The attendance of a Director at any meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting except where a Director attends a meeting for the expressed purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Neither the business to be transacted, nor the purpose of any regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors, need be specified in the notice or waiver of such meeting, unless specifically required by law or by these bylaws.

Notwithstanding the above provisions of this paragraph, the notice requirements may be satisfied by sending a facsimile or email communication in a timely manner. Telephone communications may be useful for establishing the time and place of meeting but shall not be used in lieu of the above notice provisions. At any duly convened meeting of the Board, a resolution may be approved concerning future meetings of the Board. Timely mailing of the Board minutes to each member of the Board may qualify as notice of the next meeting of the Board if the minute concerning the meeting is clearly set-forth and concise in its composition.

#### SECTION D. QUORUM

A majority of the Directors then in office shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business at any meeting of the Board of Directors, provided that if fewer than half of the Directors are present at the said meeting, a majority of the Directors present may adjourn the meeting to another time without further notice.

#### SECTION E. MANNER OF ACTING

The act of a majority of the Directors present at a duly convened meeting shall be the act of the Corporation unless the act of a greater number is required by statute, these bylaws or the Articles of Incorporation. Directors may not vote by proxy nor under any other power of attorney.

#### SECTION F. TELEPHONE MEETING

Any meeting of the Directors may be conducted in simultaneous multiple locations if the various locations are effectively connected by telephonic conference call lines. Members of the board of directors or non-director committee members may participate in and act at any meeting of such board or committee through the use of a conference telephone or other communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can communicate with each

other. Participation in such meeting shall constitute attendance and presence in person at the meeting of the person or persons so participating.

#### SECTION G. INFORMAL ACTION BY DIRECTORS

Any action required by the Illinois Not for Profit act, to be taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors of a Corporation, or any other action which may be taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors or a committee thereof, may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by all of the directors and all of any non-director committee members entitled to vote with respect to the subject matter thereof, or by all the members of such committee, as the case may be. The consent shall be evidenced by one or more written approvals, each of which sets forth the action taken and bears the signature of one or more directors or committee members. All of the approvals evidencing the consent shall be delivered to the secretary to be filed in the corporate records. The action taken shall be effective when all the directors or the committee members, as the case may be, have approved the consent unless the consent specifies a different effective date. Any such consent signed by all the directors or all the committee members as the case may be, shall have the same effect as a unanimous vote and may be stated as such in any document filed with the Secretary of State.

### ARTICLE VI. COMMITTEES

#### SECTION A. STANDING AND SPECIAL COMMITTEES

The Board of Directors shall have power to appoint committees for the purpose of conducting certain aspects of the corporate business not otherwise delegated. Committees may not act on behalf of the Corporation unless such authority is specifically delegated to the committee, and if such corporate authority is so delegated, it shall be valid only as to a single issue and not in general terms.

#### SECTION B. MEMBERSHIP

Each committee of the Board shall have two or more Directors, a majority of its membership shall be Directors, and all committee members shall serve at the pleasure of the Board. Members of the committees may be any person deemed to be qualified by the Board who has actively demonstrated a willingness to work toward the goals of the organization. The term of office for committee members shall be one year beginning each year at the annual meeting of the Board unless otherwise specifically designated in the resolution appointing the committee member.

#### SECTION C. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The Executive Committee shall be the standing committee responsible for overseeing the operations of the Corporation. The President shall be a standing member of the Executive Committee. Its membership shall consist of all elected officers of the Corporation.

#### SECTION D. COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Meetings of any committee may be called by the President of the Corporation, the chairperson of the committee, or a majority of the committee's voting members. Notice of the time and place of any meeting of a committee shall be given at least three (3) days prior to the meeting.

#### SECTION E. RESIGNATION AND REMOVAL

Any member of a committee may resign at any time by giving written notice to the chairperson of the committee or to the Secretary of the Corporation. Such resignation, which may or may not be made contingent on formal acceptance, shall take effect on the date of receipt or at any later time specified therein. Any member of a committee may be removed at any time by resolution adopted by a majority of the Board of Directors.

#### SECTION F. CONDUCT OF MEETINGS

The bylaw provisions which govern meetings, action without meetings, notice and waiver of notice, and quorum and voting requirements of the board, shall apply to committees of the board and their members as well. Each committee may adopt rules for its own government not inconsistent with these bylaws or with rules adopted by the Board.

### ARTICLE VII. OFFICERS AND AGENTS

#### SECTION A. OFFICERS

The officers of the Corporation shall consist of a President, a Vice President, a Secretary, and a Treasurer, each of whom shall be elected for a term of one year by the Board at its annual meeting. Such other officers and assistant officers and agents as may be deemed necessary may be elected or appointed by the Board. Any two (2) or more offices may be held by the same person, except that the offices of President and Secretary may not be held by the same person concurrently.

SECTION B. PRESIDENT

The President shall be the principal officer of the Corporation, and, subject to the control of the Board, shall preside at all meetings of the Board as chairperson of the Board. He or she may sign, with the Secretary or any other officer of the Corporation authorized by the Board, such documents and deeds of the Corporation as necessary or appropriate including, but not limited to, mortgages, bonds, contracts, or other instruments which the Board has authorized to be executed, except in cases where the signing and execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the Board or by these bylaws to some other officer or agent of the Corporation, or shall be required by law to be otherwise signed or executed, and, in general, shall discharge all duties incident to the office of President and such other duties as may be assigned to him or her by the Board from time to time.

SECTION C. VICE PRESIDENT

During the absence or disability of the President, the Vice President shall exercise all of the functions of the President. He or she shall have such powers and discharge such duties as may be assigned to him or her from time to time by the Board.

SECTION D. SECRETARY

The Secretary shall: (a) be responsible for the keeping of the minutes of the Board and Committee meetings in one or more books provided for that purpose; (b) see that all notices are duly given in accordance with the provisions of these bylaws or as required by law; (c) be custodian of the corporate records; and (d) in general, discharge all duties incident to the office of Secretary and such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the President or by the Board.

SECTION E. TREASURER

The Treasurer shall: (a) monitor the financial books of the Corporation; (b) keep regular books of account and make them available for inspection at all times to the Directors of the Corporation; (c) render to the Board from time to time as may be required of him or her, an account of the financial condition of the Corporation; and (d) in general, discharge all duties incident to the office of Treasurer, and such other duties as may be assigned to him or her by the President or by the Board.

SECTION F. ASSISTANT TREASURERS AND ASSISTANT SECRETARIES

At its discretion, the Board may appoint Assistant Treasurers and Assistant Secretaries to perform such duties as shall be assigned to them by the Treasurer or the Secretary or by the President. These officers shall report to the Board as requested but shall not serve on the Board or have voting rights unless the person so appointed is already a Director of the Corporation. If required by the

Board of Directors, the Assistant Treasurers shall give bonds for the faithful discharge of their duties in such sums and with such sureties as the Board of Directors shall determine.

#### SECTION G. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

The Executive Director shall supervise and be principally responsible for the day-to-day administrative management of the Corporation, and shall work closely with the President to ensure that all corporate functions are adequately carried out. He or she may sign, with the Secretary or any other officer of the Corporation authorized by the Board, such documents and deeds of the Corporation as necessary or appropriate including, but not limited to, mortgages, bonds, contracts, or other instruments which the Board has authorized to be executed, except in cases where the signing and execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the Board or by these bylaws to some other officer or agent of the Corporation, or shall be required by law to be otherwise signed or executed. The Executive Director shall be an ex officio non-voting member of the Board. The duties and responsibilities of the Executive Director shall include: (a) carrying out all policies established by the Board; (b) preparing an annual budget showing expected revenue and expenditures as required by the Board; (c) selecting, employing, training, controlling and discharging all other employees of the Corporation; (d) attending all meetings of the Board and committees of the Board; (e) supervising the business affairs to insure that funds are collected and obligations are paid out in a timely and advantageous fashion; (f) preparing and presenting to the Board regular reports reflecting accomplishment of corporate goals and the organization's mission.

#### SECTION H. DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY

In case of the absence of any officer of the Corporation, or for any other reason that it may deem sufficient, the Board may either delegate the powers or duties of such officer to any Director or employee of the Corporation, for the time being, or may eliminate some or all of such powers or duties of such officer, provided a majority of the entire Board concurs therein.

#### SECTION I. ELECTION AND TERM OF OFFICE

The officers of the Corporation shall be elected by the Board for a term of one year at the annual meeting of the Directors. If the election of officers shall not be held at such meeting, such election shall be held as soon thereafter as conveniently may be. Each officer shall hold office until the first of the following to occur: until his or her successor shall have been duly elected and shall have qualified; or until his or her death or disability, or until he or she shall resign in writing; or until he or she shall have been removed in the manner hereinafter provided. Election or appointment of an officer or agent shall not in itself create contract rights.

## SECTION J. REMOVAL

Any officer or agent may be removed by the Board of Directors whenever, in its judgment, the best interest of the Corporation shall be served thereby, but such removal shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of the person so removed.

## ARTICLE VIII. ADVISORY COUNCILS OR BOARDS

The Board of Directors may from time to time appoint advisory boards or special councils for specific purposes that do not require corporate action. The composition of such advisory groups may include persons with professional skills or special experience necessary to advise and inform the Board of Directors. Such advisory groups shall not have the authority to commit the corporation to any legal contracts or agreements whether or not related to the business of the corporation. The Board of Directors shall not lend "apparent authority" to such, advisory groups and all related corporate resolutions shall expressly limit the groups authority in this respect.

## ARTICLE IX. FINANCIAL POLICIES

### SECTION A. FISCAL YEAR

The fiscal year of the Corporation shall be from January 1st to December 31<sup>st</sup>.

### SECTION B. SALE OF ASSETS

A sale, lease, exchange, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of property or assets of the Corporation outside the normal course of business may be made by the Board upon such terms and conditions and for such considerations, which may consist in whole or in part of the money or property, real or personal, as may be authorized by the Board; provided, however, that a sale, lease, exchange or other disposition of all or substantially all the property and assets of the Corporation shall be authorized only upon receiving the vote of three-fourths of the Directors in office.

### SECTION C. CONTRACTS

The Board may authorize any officer or officers, agent or agents, to enter into any contracts or execute and deliver any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the Corporation, and such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.

#### SECTION D. LOANS

No loans shall be contracted on behalf of the Corporation and no evidence of indebtedness shall be issued in its name unless authorized by a resolution of the Board. Such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.

#### SECTION E. CHECKS, DRAFTS, ETC.

All checks, drafts or other orders for the payment of money, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issued in the name of the Corporation, shall be signed by such officer or officers, agent or agents of the Corporation and in such manner as shall from time to time be determined by resolution of the Board. The President is authorized hereby to negotiate contracts for the purchase of goods or services in furtherance of the corporate objectives up to \$500.00 per item.

#### SECTION F. DEPOSITS

All funds of the Corporation not otherwise employed shall be deposited from time to time to the credit of the Corporation in such banks, trust companies or other depositories as the Board may select.

#### SECTION G. GIFTS

The Board of Directors or the Chairperson may accept on behalf of the Corporation any contribution, gift, bequest or devise for the general purposes or for any special purpose of the Corporation.

### ARTICLE X INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

#### SECTION A. INDEMNIFICATION IN ACTIONS OTHER THAN BY OR IN THE RIGHT OF THE CORPORATION

The Corporation shall indemnify any person who was or is a party, or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the Corporation) by reason of the fact that he or she is or was a Director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, or who is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a Director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by such

person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding, if such person acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful. The termination of any action, suit or proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent, shall not, of itself, create a presumption that the person did not act in good faith and in a manner which he or she reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Corporation, or, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, that the person had reasonable cause to believe that his or her conduct was unlawful.

#### SECTION B. INDEMNIFICATION IN ACTIONS BY OR IN THE RIGHT OF THE CORPORATION

The Corporation shall indemnify any person who was or is a party, or is threatened to be made a party, to any threatened pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the Corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that such person is or was a Director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a Director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or suit, if such person acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Corporation, provided that no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable for negligence or misconduct in the performance of his or her duty to the Corporation, unless, and only to the extent that the court in which such action or suit was brought shall determine upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability, but in view of all the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses as the court shall deem proper.

#### SECTION C. RIGHT TO PAYMENT OF EXPENSES

To the extent that a Director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation has been successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to in Sections (A) and (B) of this Article, or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, such person may be indemnified against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection therewith.

Notwithstanding the provisions set forth herein above, any expenses incurred by an Officer or Director, in obtaining legal counsel, shall be exempt from the provisions of this section and shall be the sole and exclusive responsibility of the party engaging the services of additional counsel aside from that counsel furnished by the Corporation.

#### SECTION D. DETERMINATION OF CONDUCT

Any indemnification under Sections (A) and (B) of this Article (unless ordered by a court) shall be made by the Corporation only as authorized in the specific case, upon a determination that indemnification of the Director, officer, employee or agent is proper in the circumstances because he

or she has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in Sections (A) and (B) of this Article. Such determination shall be made (1) by the Board of Directors by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of Directors who were not parties to such faction, suit or proceeding; (2) if such a quorum is not obtainable, or, even if attainable, if a quorum of disinterested Directors so directs, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion; or (3) by the Members entitled to vote, if any.

#### SECTION E. PAYMENT OF EXPENSES IN ADVANCE

Expenses incurred in defending a civil or criminal action, suit or proceeding may be paid by the Corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding as authorized by the Board of Directors in the specific case, upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the Director, officer, employee or agent to repay such amount, unless it shall ultimately be determined that he or she is entitled to be indemnified by the Corporation as authorized in this Article.

#### SECTION F. INDEMNIFICATION NOT EXCLUSIVE

The indemnification provided by this Article shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those seeking indemnification may be entitled under any agreement, vote of disinterested Directors, or otherwise, both as to action in his or her official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office, and shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a Director, officer, employee or agent, and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person.

#### SECTION G. INSURANCE

The Corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a Director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, or who is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a Director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against any liability asserted against such person and incurred by such person in any such capacity, or arising out of his or her status as such, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify such person against such liability under the provisions of this Article.

#### SECTION H. REFERENCES TO CORPORATION

For purposes of this Article, references to "the Corporation" shall include, in addition to the surviving corporation, any merging corporation (including any corporation having merged with a merging corporation) absorbed in a merger which, if its separate existence had continued, would have had power and authority to indemnify its Directors, officers, and employees or agents, so that any person who is or was a Director, officer, employee or agent of such merging corporation or is or was serving at the request of such merging corporation as a Director, officer, employee or agent of another

corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, shall stand in the same position under the provisions of this Article with respect to the resulting or surviving corporation as such person would have with respect to such constituent corporation if its separate existence had continued.

#### SECTION I. OTHER REFERENCES

For purposes of this Article, references to "other enterprises" shall include employee benefit plans; reference to "fines" shall include any excise taxes assessed on a person with respect to an employee benefit plan; and references to "serving at the request of the corporation" shall include any service as a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation which imposes duties on or involves services by such Director, officer, employee or agent with respect to an employee benefit plan, its participants, or beneficiaries. A person who acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in the best interests of the participants and beneficiaries of an employee benefit plan shall be deemed to have acted in a manner "not opposed to the best interests of the corporation" as referred to in this Article.

### ARTICLE XI. MISCELLANEOUS

#### SECTION A. WAIVER OF NOTICE OF MEETINGS

Whenever any notice is required to be given to any Member, Director or Committee Member of the Corporation under the provisions of these Bylaws or under the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation or under the provisions of the Illinois General Not-For-Profit Corporation Act, a waiver thereof in writing, signed by the person or persons entitled to such notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice.

#### SECTION B. AMENDMENTS

The Articles of Incorporation and these Bylaws may be altered, amended or repealed, and new articles and bylaws may be adopted by a vote of three-quarters of the Directors present at any regular meeting or any special meeting called for that purpose. Notice of the proposed amendment (including the suggested text of the change) shall be given in writing to all Directors at least twenty days before the meeting at which the vote thereon is to be taken, and shall identify the persons proposing the amendment.

#### SECTION C. SEVERABILITY

The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision in these bylaws shall not affect the validity or enforceability of the remaining provisions.

#### SECTION D. CONCILIATION OF DISPUTES

In the event a dispute may arise between two or more persons operating under the authority of these Bylaws and such dispute cannot be resolved, the parties to the dispute shall submit the circumstances and issues of the dispute for mediation and arbitration as follows:

1. Each party to the dispute shall select a trusted person to hear the matter in a fair and impartial manner. Such person may not be in any way related to the choosing party by way of family connections, employment or contractual relations.
2. The persons so selected shall appoint one or more additional person(s) as may be necessary to provide an odd numbered mediation panel and such additional person(s) shall be similarly qualified as to all of the parties in conflict.
3. When the mediation panel is assembled the parties in conflict shall be permitted to present evidence and arguments in support of their position and the panel shall deliberate as necessary to resolve the problems. In all matters the panel shall first seek to reconcile the conflicting parties. If reconciliation is not possible then the panel shall arbitrate a solution and such solution shall be binding upon all parties.
4. No person shall bring any dispute under these Bylaws to any court of law or chancery without first proceeding under the above conflict resolution procedure. Unless the determination of the mediation panel is clearly in conflict with the laws of the State of Illinois or in such venue as is appropriate no court shall reverse or otherwise amend the determination except as may be necessary to correct a minor discrepancy.

#### SECTION E. DIRECTOR CONFLICT OF INTEREST

1. Directors should scrupulously avoid transactions in which the Director has a personal or material financial interest, or with entities of which the Director is an officer, director, or general partner. However, if a transaction is approved in accordance with this provision and is fair to the Corporation at the time it is authorized, approved or ratified, the fact that a Director of the Corporation is directly or indirectly a party to the transaction is not grounds for invalidating the transaction.

2. In the event that a Director or member of a Director's immediate family has an actual or potential conflict of interest, including but not limited to proposed transactions directly or indirectly between the organization and a Director, the Director shall promptly disclose the material facts of such conflict or transaction in writing to the Board of Directors as a matter of record.
3. The Director shall briefly state the nature of the conflict and answer pertinent questions of other Directors when such Director's knowledge of the subject will assist the Board or any of its committees. After such disclosure is made and the Board has had the opportunity to ask pertinent questions of such Director, the Director shall be excused so that the disinterested Directors may discuss the matter and take such action as may be deemed appropriate. An affirmative vote of a majority of disinterested Directors shall be required to carry the action. The presence of the interested Director may not be counted for purposes of declaring a quorum, nor may that person vote on the matter.
4. Minutes of the meeting shall reflect that such disclosure was made, the matter was fully discussed, that a quorum (excluding the interested Director) was present, and that such Director abstained from discussion and voting on the issue.

#### SECTION F. SEAL

The Corporation shall not maintain a corporate seal.

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#### SECTION G. BOOKS AND RECORDS

The Corporation, at its offices, shall keep correct and complete books and records of account and shall also keep minutes of the proceedings of its Board and committees, and shall keep a record of the names and addresses of all Board and committee members. All books and records of the Corporation may be inspected by a Director, or his agent or attorney at any reasonable time.